

Company Number: 595870

Scripture Union CLG
Annual Report and Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

HLB Ryan Limited
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
5 Clarinda Park North,
Dun Laoghaire,
County Dublin

Scripture Union CLG

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Scripture Union CLG

DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors	Nigel Locke Basil Good Dirk Johannes Patrick Van Der Flier Bruce Mullen Caith Commins Alison Gill
Company Secretary	Nigel Locke
Company Number	595870
Registered Office and Business Address	Unit 4 Idea House Kilarney Road Business Park Kilarney Road Bray
Auditors	HLB Ryan Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 5 Clarinda Park North, Dun Laoghaire, County Dublin
Solicitors	Cormac O'Ceallaigh & Co Solicitors 388 North Circular Road, Phibsborough, Dublin 7

Scripture Union CLG

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital.

In Q1 of 2020 the activity of Scripture Union Ireland was as expected with camps/events/schools work (both residential and non) with over 2000 participants. Our retreat Centre at Ovoca Manor, Avoca, Co. Wicklow was at full peak capacity and above average capacity off-peak with a further 500 guests during this period. The Covid-19 pandemic impacted us severely from the middle of March 2020 and for the remainder of the year (August) we were able to host one Scripture Union camp and three external groups. During the period of closure work was carried out on repairs, maintenance and upgrades of the building and grounds. SU's field ministries team who are responsible for all direct ministries saw a huge curtailment to their activity due to the closure of the centre and schools, in Q4 there was some opportunity to return to in-school work. In 2020 our focus became the production and distribution of digital media content and this included online alternatives to camps such as EasterKids & Teens as well as a SuperCSSM summer program through our online media portal SU+. Our primary efforts in this space were NUA: Origins and production of NUA: Christmas as we took the opportunity to build our suite of resources to assist our work into the future, these and our other resources including the original NUA film series have had a reach into the tens of thousands in Ireland and hundreds of thousands internationally.

Due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic for Scripture Union Ireland it was necessary to make some cost-cutting measures, as part of this process we moved out of our head office in Bray and centralised all operations to Ovoca Manor as well as engaging in a consultation process which culminated in two full time roles being made redundant. Scripture Union Ireland was in receipt of the TWSS (temporary wage subsidy scheme) followed by the EWSS (Employer wage subsidy scheme) from April December 2020 which coupled with the generosity of our supporter base allowed us to end the year in a positive financial position.

Financial Results

The surplus for the financial year after providing for depreciation amounted to €30,073 (2019 - €69,306).

At the end of the financial year, the company has assets of €3,753,534 (2019 - €3,689,302) and liabilities of €215,864 (2019 - €181,705). The net assets of the company have increased by €30,073.

Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the financial year were as follows:

Nigel Locke
Basil Good
Dirk Johannes Patrick Van Der Flier
Bruce Mullen
Caith Commins
Alison Gill

The secretary who served throughout the financial year was Nigel Locke.

In accordance with the Constitution, the directors retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Future Developments

The company plans to continue its present activities and current trading levels. Employees are kept as fully informed as practicable about developments within the business.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

Political Contributions

The company did not make any disclosable political donations in the current financial year.

Auditors

The auditors, HLB Ryan Limited, (Chartered Accountants) have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Scripture Union CLG DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

Statement on Relevant Audit Information

In accordance with section 330 of the Companies Act 2014, so far as each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the statutory auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and they have established that the statutory auditors are aware of that information.

Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at Unit 4 Idea House, Kilarney Road Business Park, Kilarney Road, Bray.

Signed on behalf of the board

Nigel Locke
Director

Basil Good
Director

Date: _____

Scripture Union CLG

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed on behalf of the board

Nigel Locke
Director

Basil Good
Director

Date: _____

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Scripture Union CLG

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Scripture Union CLG ('the company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council, applying Section 1A of that Standard.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2020 and of its surplus for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and the Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 5 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. In our opinion the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of Scripture Union CLG

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report. The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 9, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Derek Ryan

for and on behalf of

HLB RYAN LIMITED

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

5 Clarinda Park North,

Dun Laoghaire,

County Dublin

Date: _____

Scripture Union CLG

APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Scripture Union CLG INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 €	2019 €
Income		769,866	1,150,648
Expenditure		(734,540)	(1,074,330)
Surplus before interest		35,326	76,318
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(5,253)	(7,012)
Surplus before tax		30,073	69,306
Tax on surplus		-	-
Surplus for the financial year		30,073	69,306
Total comprehensive income		30,073	69,306

Approved by the board on _____ and signed on its behalf by:

Nigel Locke
Director

Basil Good
Director

Scripture Union CLG BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 €	2019 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	9	<u>3,579,689</u>	<u>3,614,466</u>
Current Assets			
Debtors	10	41,768	7,839
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>132,077</u>	<u>66,997</u>
		<u>173,845</u>	<u>74,836</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	<u>(163,440)</u>	<u>(100,741)</u>
Net Current Assets/(Liabilities)		<u>10,405</u>	<u>(25,905)</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>3,590,094</u>	<u>3,588,561</u>
Creditors			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	<u>(52,424)</u>	<u>(80,964)</u>
Net Assets		<u><u>3,537,670</u></u>	<u><u>3,507,597</u></u>
Reserves			
Capital reserves and funds		3,582,405	3,582,405
Income and expenditure account		<u>(44,735)</u>	<u>(74,808)</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u><u>3,537,670</u></u>	<u><u>3,507,597</u></u>

Approved by the board on _____ and signed on its behalf by:

Nigel Locke
Director

Basil Good
Director

Scripture Union CLG
RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS
as at 31 December 2020

	Retained deficit €	Capital contribution reserve €	Total €
At 1 January 2020	(144,114)	3,582,405	3,438,291
Surplus for the financial period	69,306	-	69,306
At 31 December 2019	(74,808)	3,582,405	3,507,597
Surplus for the financial year	30,073	-	30,073
At 31 December 2020	(44,735)	3,582,405	3,537,670

Scripture Union CLG

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Scripture Union CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. Unit 4 Idea House, Killarney Road Business Park, Killarney Road, Bray, County Wicklow is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. Gareth Lynch was appointed as National Leader in August 2019 and took over from Jim Donnan in managing the daily operation of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Income

Turnover is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Turnover comprises the fair value of consideration received and receivable exclusive of value added tax and after discounts and rebates.

Rental Income is recognised when the invoices are issued to the tenants.

Incomes from Donations, Gifts, Camps, NUA Project and other incomes are recognised when the funds have been lodged to the company's bank account.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	2% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	12.5% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Investment properties

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income, or for capital appreciation (including future re-development) or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Investment property is initially measured at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is subsequently valued at its fair value at each reporting date, by professional external valuers. The difference between the fair value of an investment property at the reporting date and its carrying value prior to the valuation is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account as a fair value gain or loss. Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless a financing arrangement exists in which case they are measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate.

Scripture Union CLG

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Employee benefits

The company operates a PRSA (Personal Retirement Saving Account) to which it contributes on behalf of employees who opt to Join the PRSA. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Income and Expenditure Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Income and Expenditure Account when received.

3. PERIOD OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The comparative figures relate to the month period ended 31 December 2019.

4. DEPARTURE FROM COMPANIES ACT 2014 PRESENTATION

The directors have elected to present an Income and Expenditure Account instead of a Profit and Loss Account in these financial statements as this company is a not-for-profit entity.

5. PROVISIONS AVAILABLE FOR AUDITS OF SMALL ENTITIES

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature, we use our auditors to prepare and submit tax returns to the Revenue and to assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

6. OPERATING SURPLUS	2020	2019
	€	€
Operating surplus is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	79,234	71,644
Auditor's remuneration		
- audit services	3,430	6,802
Government grants received	(148,634)	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2020	2019
	€	€
Interest	5,253	7,012
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

8. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 322. (2019 - 322).

	2020	2019
	Number	Number
Casual Cleaning Staff	1	4
Caterer	1	1
Full time staff	7	9
Part time Instructors	7	2
Part time staff	4	4
Full Time Volunteer Interns	2	2
Volunteers	300	300
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	322	322
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Scripture Union CLG
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and buildings freehold €	Investment properties €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Total €
Cost				
At 1 January 2020	2,314,889	1,300,000	202,772	3,817,661
Additions	-	-	44,457	44,457
At 31 December 2020	<u>2,314,889</u>	<u>1,300,000</u>	<u>247,229</u>	<u>3,862,118</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2020	138,894	-	64,301	203,195
Charge for the financial year	46,298	-	32,936	79,234
At 31 December 2020	<u>185,192</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>97,237</u>	<u>282,429</u>
Net book value				
At 31 December 2020	<u>2,129,697</u>	<u>1,300,000</u>	<u>149,992</u>	<u>3,579,689</u>
At 31 December 2019	<u>2,175,995</u>	<u>1,300,000</u>	<u>138,471</u>	<u>3,614,466</u>

The investment property of buildings at Talbot Street, Dublin 1 were valued by the directors at €1,300,000 on 29th August 2017.

10. DEBTORS

	2020 €	2019 €
Trade debtors	37,889	-
Prepayments	3,879	7,839
	<u>41,768</u>	<u>7,839</u>

11. CREDITORS

	2020 €	2019 €
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owed to credit institutions	46,889	47,118
Trade creditors	29,012	14,652
Bills of exchange payable	2,030	2,030
Taxation	25,590	22,198
Accruals and deferred income:		
Pension accrual	-	(1,178)
Other accruals	59,919	15,921
	<u>163,440</u>	<u>100,741</u>

Scripture Union CLG

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

12. CREDITORS	2020	2019
Amounts falling due after more than one year	€	€
Bank loan	<u>52,424</u>	<u>80,964</u>
Loans		
Repayable in one year or less, or on demand (Note 11)	46,889	47,118
Repayable between one and two years	45,062	45,062
Repayable between two and five years	<u>7,362</u>	<u>35,902</u>
	<u>99,313</u>	<u>128,082</u>

The Loan interest charged per Bank of Ireland is €4.81% Per annum.

Bank of Ireland has a fixed charge over the properties at Unit 9 & Unit 10 , Block B, Talbot Street, Dublin 1, this charge was created on 10 November 2017.

13. STATUS

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members, or within one year thereafter, for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves, such amount as may be required, not exceeding € 1.

14. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2020.

15. POST-BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

16. Scripture Union CLG recognises grants based on the accrual model on a class by class basis. All grants are classified as either revenue or capital grants.

Grants relating to revenue shall be recognised as income in the period in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs shall be recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets shall be recognised as income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred it shall be recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Revenue Grants

Scripture Union CLG received grant aid in the form of Rates Rebates & Temporary Wages Subsidy Scheme, Employment Wage Subsidy Scheme & Covid Restrictions Support Scheme from the Revenue Commissioners during the year in the amount of €148,633. These grants were received to enable Scripture Union to give support directly to their employees and keep their employees on the payroll throughout the pandemic. This grant income has been recognised as income in the Financial Statement.

17. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on _____.

SCRIPTURE UNION CLG

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

NOT COVERED BY THE REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

THE FOLLOWING PAGES DO NOT FORM PART OF THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Scripture Union CLG
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TRADING STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

	Schedule	2020 €	2019 €
Income			
Donations		135,361	165,595
Other Income		6,472	16,672
Hire of Premises - OM		30,606	266,506
Gift Income & Donations - OM		36,990	38,414
Other Income - OM		12,165	110,354
Ministry Income - Youth & Primary Schools		15,480	12,615
Rental Income & Service charges		265,050	281,338
Gifts Income - Youth & Primary Schools		14,700	4,774
Camps Income		54,930	110,419
Nua Film Project Gifts & Sales Income		2,430	43,418
Nua Origins		47,048	100,543
		<u>621,232</u>	<u>1,150,648</u>
Gross surplus Percentage		<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
Overhead expenses	1	(739,793)	(1,081,342)
		<u>(118,561)</u>	69,306
Miscellaneous income	2	148,634	-
Net surplus		<u><u>30,073</u></u>	<u><u>69,306</u></u>

Scripture Union CLG
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SCHEDULE 1 : OVERHEAD EXPENSES
for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

	2020 €	2019 €
Administration Expenses		
Wages and salaries	281,494	370,400
Social welfare costs	12,552	35,358
Employer contributions to the pension scheme	5,000	9,686
Staff training	5,151	2,610
Staff expenses	11,284	15,750
OM Relief Staff	5,847	23,902
Rent payable	9,977	17,589
Rates	3,675	18,789
Insurance	38,010	41,776
Computer bureau costs	17,865	13,226
Light and heat	36,672	41,410
Cleaning	4,589	-
Repairs and maintenance	22,145	32,230
Ministry Expenses	35,835	80,541
Ministry Expenses- Nua Origins	36,929	106,828
Printing, postage and stationery	5,098	5,897
Advertising	1,788	2,231
Telephone	4,205	7,346
Motor expenses	13,999	4,720
Legal and professional	923	-
Bank charges	1,367	3,373
OM Cooking and Linen Expenses	10,134	42,610
Other General OM Expenses	21,223	40,194
Management agent expenses	62,002	70,818
Waste Disposal & Waste treatment	4,112	8,600
Auditor's remuneration	3,430	6,802
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	79,234	71,644
	<u>734,540</u>	<u>1,074,330</u>
Finance		
Bank interest paid	5,253	7,012
	<u>739,793</u>	<u>1,081,342</u>
Total Overheads		

Scripture Union CLG
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SCHEDULE 2 : MISCELLANEOUS INCOME
for the financial year ended 31 December 2020

	2020	2019
	€	€
Miscellaneous Income		
Government grants received	<u>148,634</u>	<u>-</u>